

LGALS10 Human

Description: LGALS10 produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 162 amino acids (1-142 a.a.) and having a molecular mass of 18.6kDa. LGALS10 is fused to a 20 amino acid His-tag at N-terminus & purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

Catalog #: PRPS-751

For research use only.

Synonyms: Eosinophil lysophospholipase, Charcot-Leyden crystal protein, CLC, Galectin-10, Gal-10, Lysolecithin acylhydrolase, GAL10, LGALS10, LGALS10A.

Source: Escherichia Coli.

Physical Appearance: Sterile Filtered colorless solution.

Amino Acid Sequence: MGSSHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MSLLVPVYTE AASLSTGSTV
TIKGRPLACF LNEPYLQVDF HTEMKEESDI VFHFQVCFGR RVVMNSREYG AWKQVESKN
MPFQDGQEFE LSISVLPDKY QVMVNGQSSY TFDHRIKPEA VKMVQVWRDI SLTKFNVSYL KR.

Purity: Greater than 90.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation:

Galectin-10 protein solution (0.5mg/ml) containing 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0), 1mM DTT, 10% glycerol and 0.1M NaCl.

Stability:

Store at 4°C if entire vial will be used within 2-4 weeks. Store, frozen at -20°C for longer periods of time. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Usage:

NeoBiolab's products are furnished for LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY. The product may not be used as drugs, agricultural or pesticidal products, food additives or household chemicals.

Introduction:

Eosinophil lysophospholipase (CLC) acts on biological membranes to regulate the multifunctional lysophospholipids. CLC is a lysophospholipase expressed in eosinophils and basophils. CLC hydrolyzes lysophosphatidylcholine to glycerophosphocholine and a free fatty acid. The CLC protein may possess carbohydrate or IgE-binding activities. CLC is both structurally and functionally related to the galectin family of beta-galactoside binding proteins. CLC may be linked with inflammation and some myeloid leukemias.

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